#### **PSHE Long Term Plan 2020- DRAFT**

Our PSHE curriculum is centred on 6 key themes. These themes are addressed within each year group and are outlined below:

**Me and My Relationships:** Explores feelings and emotions, develops skills to manage conflict, helps identify our special people and equips children to recognise the qualities of healthy friendships and how to manage them.

**Valuing Difference:** Includes a strong focus on British Values, supports children to develop respectful relationships with others, recognise bullying and know their responsibilities as a bystander.

**Keeping Myself Safe:** Covers a number of safety aspects from statutory Relationships Education including being able to identify trusted adults in their lives, what to do when faced with a dilemma and recognising appropriate and inappropriate touch.

**Rights and Responsibilities:** Explores broader topics including looking after the environment, economic education and the changing rights and responsibilities children have as they grow older

Being my best: Includes a focus on keeping physically healthy, developing a growth mindset to facilitate resiliency, setting goals and ways to achieve them.

**Growing and Changing:** Has age-appropriate plans to cover the physical and emotional changes that happen as children as they grow older, including changes at puberty and how to approach this with confidence. Age-appropriate lessons on relationships and sex education are also included.

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Theme	Me and my	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and	Being my best	Growing and
	relationships			Responsibilities		Changing

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# Why we have classroom rules

Thinking about feelings-body language and facial expressions, physical responses to feelings

#### Our feelings-

Identifying a range of feelings, suggesting strategies for managing not so good feelings

# Our special people balloons-

Identifying our special people, how they can help us

#### Good friends-

Simple qualities of friendships, simple strategies for making up

### How are you listening?

Simple strategies for resolving conflict.

#### Same or different?

Similarities and differences between people including our preferences

# Unkind, tease or bully?

The difference between unkindness, teasing and bullying

### Harold's school rules

How school rules keep us safe

# Who are our special people?

Identifying our special people and what makes them special to us

#### It's not fair

Identifying ways of showing kindness. Recognising what is kind/unkind, fair/unfair

### Healthy me

The importance of exercise and sleep.
Understanding the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen

### Super sleep

The importance of simple bedtime routines that promote healthy sleep

### Who can help? (1)

Recognising emotions and physical feelings associated with being unsafe. Identify who can help when we feel unsafe

### **Harold loses Geoffrey**

Recognising the range of feelings associated with loss- linked to loss of soft toy

# What could Harold do? Simple issues of safety and responsibility with

and responsibility with regard to medicines and their use

# Good or bad touches?

NSPCC the underwear rule

### **Sharing pictures**

Online safety- how images (selfies context) can get shared widely online and the importance of consent

# Harold's wash and brush up

The importance of regular hygiene routines

# Around and about the school

Identifying what they like about the school environment and who cares for it

### Taking care of something

Looking after a class plant and understanding the responsibilities of caring for something

### Harold's money

Where people get money from and things money is spent on in a family home

# How should we look after our money?

Identifying safe places to keep money

### Basic first aid-

How to deal with common injuries. How to make a 999 call

# I can eat a rainbow he importance of eating

The importance of eating 5 a day

#### Eat well

The Eatwell guidemaking a healthy lunch

## Catch it, Bin it, Kill it

Understanding how diseases can spread and how we can prevent this

# Harold learns to ride a bike

Recognising that learning a new skill requires practice and how we manage difficulties

### Pass on the praise!

Simple strategies for resolving conflict, identifying how we feel in response to support and encouragement

### Harold has a bad day

Recognising how a person's behaviour (including their own) can affect other people

# Inside my wonderful body

Name major internal body parts (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain) and their functions

#### Then and now

Identifying things they could do as a baby, toddler and now and the people who help them

### Who can help? (2)

The difference between teasing and bullying and who they could get help from in a bullying situation

#### Surprises and secrets

The difference between a secret and a nice surprise and who to talk to if a secret makes them feel uncomfortable

# Keeping privates private

Identifying body parts that are private and describing ways in which private body parts can be kept private. Including names for external genitalia

Theme	Me and my	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and	Being my best	Growing and
	relationships			Responsibilities		Changing
Year 2	Our ideal classroom	What makes us who we	Harold's picnic-	Getting on with others;	You can do it!	A helping hand- giving
	environment -	are? Identifying the	understand medicines	describe and record	Exploring the steps we	positive feedback to
	Suggesting actions and	physical and non-	can make people feel	strategies for getting on	go through when we	others
	rules that will contribute	physical similarities and	better when they are ill;	with others in the	learn something new	
	positively to the life of the	differences between	give examples of things	classroom		Taking care of a baby
	classroom and making	people; know and use	people can do to feel		My day	How to meet the basic
	pledges to support this	words and phrases that	better without medicines;	When I feel like	Food and exercise	needs of a baby
	How are you feeling	show respect for people	explain simple safety	erupting; strategies for	choices, understand and	
	today?	How do we make	issues and responsibility	dealing with impulsive	explain that some	Sam moves away- the
	Recognising that people	others feel? Recognise	around medicines	behaviour	choices can be healthy	range of feelings
	have different ways of	and explain how a			or unhealthy and can	associated with losing
	expressing feelings and	person's behaviour can	How safe would you	Feeling safe; identify	make a difference to	(and being reunited) with
	identifying helpful ways	affect other people	feel? Identify situations	people in the school	their own health	a person they are close
	of responding to others		when they would feel	community who keep		to
	feelings	My special people-	safe or unsafe; suggest	them safe; know how to	Harold's postcard-	
		identify people who are	actions for dealing with	ask for help	understand how germs	Haven't you grown!
	Bullying or teasing?	special to them and	unsafe situations		can spread; describe	Stages from baby to
	Defining and exploring	explain why	M/b of about dillocate	How can we look after	simple hygiene routines	adulthood
	what is meant by bullying	\A/Ib a.u. a.a.u.a.a.u.a.i.a	What should Harold	our environment?	such as handwashing;	Mar la a decreasa la a dec
	and teasing.	When someone is	say? Identify situations	Recognise they have a	understand how	My body, your body
	Don't do that!	feeling left out- identify	when they would need to	responsibility for looking	vaccinations can help to	(body parts including
		groups they are a part of, identify strategies for	say "Yes", "No", "I'll ask" or "I'll tell" in relation to	after the school	prevent illnesses	genitalia)- identify which
	Understanding,	helping someone who is		environment	Harold's bathroom-	parts of the body are
	describing, rehearsing and demonstrating some	feeling left out	keeping themselves or others safe	Harold saves for	dental hygiene	private; explain that a persons' genitals help
	strategies for dealing	reening left out	others sale	something special-	deritai riygierie	them make babies when
	with bullying.	An act of kindness-	I don't like that!	understand people have	My body needs-	they grow up;
	with bullying.	recognise and describe	(Appropriate touch)	choices about what to do	recognise the importance	understand humans
	Types of bullying	acts of kindness and	Remind children of	with their money; know	of exercise and sleep for	mostly have the same
	The difference between	unkindness	PANTS NSPCC rule;	that money can be saved	health	body parts but they can
	bullying and isolated	unkindriess	identify the types of	for use at a future time;	neatti	look different from
	unkind behaviour	Solve the problem-	touch they like and do	explain how they might	What does my body	person to person
	drikiria beriavioai	suggest strategies for	not like; identify who they	feel when they spend	do? Name major internal	person to person
	Being a good friend	dealing with a range of	can talk to if someone	money on different things	body parts; describe how	Respecting privacy
	Identifying some ways	common situations	touches them in a way		food, water and air get	Explain what privacy
	that good friends care for	requiring negotiation	that makes them feel	Harold goes camping-	into the body and blood	means; know that you're
	each other	skills to help foster and	uncomfortable	recognise that money	and been and blood	not allowed to touch
		maintain positive		can be spent on		someone's private
	Let's all be happy	relationships	Fun or not?	essential and non-		belongings (including
			(Appropriate touch)	essential things;		body parts/genitalia),
	1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1		7   3

Identifying where to get	Recognise that some	understand the reasons	without their permission;
help if we are upset by	touches are not fun and	for saving money	give examples of
someone else's	can hurt or be upsetting;		different types of private
behaviour	know that they can ask	Playing games (online	information
	someone to stop	safety)- keeping personal	
	touching them; identify	information private when	Basic First Aid; how to
	who they can talk to if	playing online games	make a clear 999 call in
	someone touches them	and only talking to	an emergency; concepts
	in a way that makes	people they know in real-	of basic first aid to deal
	them feel uncomfortable	life online	with common injuries,
	them reel dilocimortable	ine orinite	including head injuries
	Should I tell? Safe		including flead injulies
	secrets (including		
	surprises) and unsafe		
	secrets; the importance		
	of telling someone they trust about a secret that		
	makes them feel unsafe		
	or uncomfortable		
	Some secrets should		
	never be kept (Consent)		
	Identify how		
	inappropriate touch can		
	make someone feel;		
	explain that if someone		
	is touching them,		
	including private parts, in		
	a way they don't like they		
	must tell someone in		
	their safety network so		
	they can make it stop		

Theme	Me and my relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and Responsibilities	Being my best	Growing and Changing
Year 3	As a rule; why we have	Family and friends	Safe or unsafe? Identify	Our helpful volunteers-	Derek cooks dinner	Relationship tree-
100.0	rules; how rules are	Recognise that there are	situations which are safe	define and identify	(healthy eating)-How the	Identify different types of
	different for different age	many different types of	or unsafe. For unsafe	volunteers, including	Eatwell-guide food	relationships; identify
	groups, in particular for	families, including	situations, identify people	people who are	groups benefit the body;	those who they have
	internet based activities;	adoption, fostering and	who can help us and	volunteers in the school	what is meant by the	healthy relationships with
	suggest appropriate	same-sex relationships	strategies for keeping	community; recognise	term balanced diet and	
	rules for a range of		safe within everyday	some of the reasons why	foods that are associated	Body space
	settings; consider the	My community; define	scenarios	people volunteer	to the different food	(appropriate touch)-
	possible consequences	the term community;		including benefits to	groups	understand the term
	for breaking rules	identify the communities	Danger or risk? Define	mental health	Description of the second	body space; identify
	Mar an acial mate armiana	they belong to; recognise	the words danger and	Halain a cash athouts	Poorly Harold- how	when it is appropriate
	My special pet; explore and normalise feelings	the benefits that come	risk and understand the difference between them;	Helping each other to	infectious illnesses are spread from one person	and inappropriate to
	someone might have	with belonging to a community including for	strategies for dealing	stay safe- identify key people who are	to another; how simple	allow someone into their body space; rehearse
	when they lose	mental health and	with a risky situation	responsible for keeping	hygiene routines reduce	strategies for when
	something important to	wellbeing	with a risky situation	them safe and healthy	the risk of the spread;	strategies for when
	them	Wellbeilig	The risk robot- identify	them sale and healthy	medical and non-medical	inappropriately in their
		Respect and challenge;	risk factors in given	Recount task-	ways of treating illness	body space
	Tangram team	learn how to challenge	situations; identify	Understand the	maye or a caming imited	sea, space
	challenge! Define and	another's view point	strategies for reducing	difference between fact	For or against? Develop	Secret or surprise?
	demonstrate cooperation	respectfully	those risks	and opinion and why	skills in discussing and	Define the terms and
	and collaboration in	, ,		perceptions may vary	debating an issue;	know the difference
	order to be successful	Our friends and	Alcohol and cigarettes		demonstrate	between a safe and
	within a group situation	neighbours- explain that	the facts- identify key	Harold's environment	understanding of health	unsafe secret; recognise
		people living in the UK	risks from alcohol and	project- define what is	and wellbeing issues that	how different surprises
	Looking after our	have different origins;	cigarettes; define the	meant by the	are relevant to them;	might make them feel;
	special people; identify	identify similarities and	word 'drug' and	environment and explore	empathise with different	know who they could ask
	people they have a	differences between a	understand that nicotine	methods of how to look	viewpoints	for help if a secret made
	special relationship with;	diverse range of people	and alcohol are both	after the school	Low fortostial Identify	them feel uncomfortable
	suggest strategies for	form varying national,	drugs	Can Harold afford it?	I am fantastic! Identify own achievements and	Decis First Aid how to
	maintaining positive relationships with their	regional, ethnic and religious backgrounds;	Super searcher (Online	Understand the terms	areas of development;	Basic First Aid- how to make a clear and
	special people	identify some of the	safety)-Recognise	income, saving and	recognise people may	efficient 999 call to
	How can we solve this	qualities people from a	potential risks associated	spending	say kind things to help us	emergency services;
	problem? Rehearse and	diverse range of	with browsing online;	Earning money- explain	feel good about	concepts of basic first aid
	demonstrate simple	backgrounds need in	safe strategies for	that people earn their	ourselves	for common injuries,
	conflict resolution	order to get on together	browsing online	income through their		including head injuries
	strategies	31111131110		jobs; understand the	Getting on with your	
		Let's celebrate our	None of your business	amount people get paid	nerves! How working	
		differences; recognise	(Online Safety)	is due to a range of	together in a	

Dan's dare; understand what a dare is; understand no-one has the right to force them to do a dare; suggest strategies to use if ever they feel uncomfortable or unsafe by someone asking them to do a dare

Thunks; expressing our own opinion and listening to others' opinions; considering others' points of view; practicing explaining the thinking behind our own ideas

Friends are special; identify the qualities of friendship; suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out; rehearse and use skills for making up the factors that make people similar or different from one another; recognise that repeated name calling is a form of bullying; suggest strategies for dealing with name calling

**Zeb-** understand and explain some of the reasons why people are bullied; explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what this is

Identify what constitutes personal information and when it is not appropriate or safe to share this; understand how to get help in a situation where requests for images of information about themselves or others occur

Raisin challengestrategies for assessing risks; understand and explain decision-making skills; understand where to get help from when making decisions

Help or harm? Understand that medicines are drugs and suggest ways in which they can be helpful or harmful factors (skill, experience, training, responsibility etc.)

collaborative manner can help everyone achieve success; how the brain sends and receives messages through the nerves

Body team worksname major internal body parts and their job; describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood

Top talents- explain the different talents people have and how skills are developed; recognise their own skills and the skills of others in the class

Theme	Me and my	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and	Being my best	Growing and
	relationships			Responsibilities		Changing
Year 4	An email from Harold-	Can you sort it?	Danger, risk or hazard?	Who helps us stay	What makes me ME!	Moving House- describe
	describe good and not-	Define the terms	Define the terms and	healthy and safe?	Identify ways in which	some of the changes that
	so good feelings and	negotiation and	explain the difference	Explain how different	everyone is unique;	may happen and how to
	how feelings can affect	compromise and	between them; suggest	people in the school and	appreciate their own	manage them; suggest
	our physical state;	understand how to use	simple strategies for	local community help	uniqueness; recognise	people who may be able
	explain how different	these skills to manage	managing risk	them stay healthy and	there are times when	to help them deal with
	words can express the	conflict		safe (exploring their	they will make the same	change
	intensity of feelings		Picture Wise (Online	responsibilities); define	choices as their friends	
		Islands (appropriate	safety)- identify images	what is meant by the	and times when they will	My changing body
	Ok or not Ok? (1)-	touch)- Understand they	that are safe/unsafe to	term being responsible	choose differently	(Puberty, Periods,
	explain what we mean by	have the right to protect	share online; know and			Menstruation)-
	a 'positive' healthy	their personal body	explain strategies for	It's your right-	Making choices- Give	Recognise that babies
	relationship; describe	space; recognise how	safe online sharing;	Understand that humans	examples of choices they	come from the joining of
	some of the qualities	others' non-verbal signs	understand and explain	have rights and	make for themselves and	an egg and sperm;
	they admire in others	indicate how they feel	the implications for	responsibilities; identify	choices others make for	explain what happens
		when people are close to	sharing images online	some rights and also	them; recognise there	when an egg doesn't
	Ok or not Ok? (2)-	their body space;	without consent	responsibilities that come	are times they will make	meet a sperm;
	recognise there are	suggest people they can		with these	the same choices as	understand that for girls
	times when they might	talk to if they feel	How dare you! Define	(United Nations	their friends and times	periods are a normal part
	need to say no to a	uncomfortable with other	and understand the term	Children's Rights)	they will choose	of puberty
	friend; describe	people's actions towards	dare; suggest strategies	l	differently	
	appropriate assertive	them	for managing dares	How do we make a	004051-441	My feelings are all over
	strategies for saying no	Friender	Madiations Observation	difference? Understand	SCARF hotel-	the place! Understand
	to a friend	Friend or	Medicines: Check the	the reason we have	understand the body	the physical and
	Human machines-	acquaintance?	label- understand that	rules; suggest and	gets energy from food,	emotional impact of
		Recognise they have different types of	medicines are drugs;	engage with ways they can contribute to the	water and oxygen and	puberty; suggest reasons
	strategies for working collaboratively on a task;	relationships with people	explain safety issues for	decision-making process	that exercise and sleep are important to our	why young people sometimes fall out with
	define successful	they know; give	medicine use; suggest alternatives to taking	in school e.g. pupil voice	health; Plan a menu	their parents
	qualities of teamwork	examples of features of	medicine when unwell;	or school council;	which gives a healthy	their parents
	and collaboration	those different	suggest strategies for	recognise that everyone	balance of foods from	All change! Know the
	and collaboration	relationships including	limiting the spread of	can make a difference	the Eatwell Guide food	correct terminology for
	Different feelings-	how they influence what	infectious diseases	within a democratic	groups	genitalia; understand and
	identify a wide range of	is shared	including handwashing	process	groups	explain why puberty
	feelings; recognise that	is silaieu	including nandwashing	Piocess	Harold's Seven R's-	happens
	different people can have	What would I do? List	Know the norms-	In the news! Define the	Understand the ways in	Παρροπο
	different feelings in the	some ways people are	understand some of the	word influence;	which they can	Period positive- know
	same situation; explain	different to each other	key risks and effects of	recognise that media	contribute to the care of	the facts of the menstrual
	how feelings can be	(including differences of	smoking and drinking	reports can influence the	the environment; suggest	cycle; understand that
	linked to physical state	race, gender and	alcohol; understand that	,	ways the seven r's	periods are a normal part

When feelings change-Recognise that their feelings might change towards someone or something once they have further information

Under pressure- give examples of strategies to respond to people being bullied including what people can do or say; understand and give examples or who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way may come from

religion); recognise potential consequences of aggressive behaviour; suggest strategies for dealing with someone who is behaving aggressively

The people we share our world with- List some ways people are different to each other (including ethnicity, gender, religious beliefs, customs, festivals); define the word respect and demonstrate ways of showing respect to others' differences

That is such a stereotype! Understand and identify stereotypes i.e. gender, including those promoted in the media increasing numbers of people are choosing not to smoke and that not all people drink alcohol

Keeping ourselves safe- describe stages of identifying and managing risk; suggest people they can ask for help in managing risk

Raisin challenge (2)-Understand that we can be influenced both positively and negatively; give examples of some of the consequences of behaving in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way way they think about a topic

Safety in numbers-(bullying); explain the role of a bystander and how it can influence bullying or other antisocial behaviour; recognise they can play a role in influencing the outcome of situations by their actions

Logo quiz- Understand some of the ways that various national and international environmental organisations work to help take care of the environment; understand and explain the value of this work

Harold's expensesdefine the terms income and expenditure; identify and prioritise items of expenditure in the home from most essential to least essential

Why pay taxes? Explain what is meant by the terms income tax, national insurance and VAT

recycling methods can be applied to different scenarios

My school community

(1)- Define what is meant by community; suggest ways in which different people support the school community; identify qualities and attributes of people who support the school community

Basic First Aid- how to make a clear and efficient 999 call to emergency services; concepts of basic first aid including dealing with common injuries, including head injuries of puberty for girls; identify some of the ways to cope better with periods (Girls only)

Secret or surprise?

Define the terms; know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel; know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel unsafe or uncomfortable

Together

(marriage/LGBT)understand that marriage
is a commitment to be
entered into freely and
not against someone's
will; recognise that
marriage includes same
sex and opposite sex
partners; know the legal
age for marriage in
England and Scotland;
discuss the reasons why
a person would want to
be married, live together
or have a civil ceremony

Theme	Me and my	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and	Being my best	Growing and
	relationships			Responsibilities		Changing
Year 5	Collaboration	Qualities of friendship-	'Thunking' about	What's the story?	Getting fit-	How are they feeling?
	challenge!	Define some key	habits-	Identify, write and	Know 2 harmful effects	Use a range of words
	Explain what	qualities of friendship;	(Drugs/Tobacco)	discuss issues currently	each of smoking/drinking	and phrases to describe
	collaboration means;	describe ways of making	Explain what a habit is	in the media concerning	alcohol; explain the	the intensity of different
	give examples of how	friendship last; explain	giving examples;	health and wellbeing;	importance of food,	feelings; explain
	they have worked	why friendships	describe why and how a	express their opinions on	water, oxygen, sleep and	strategies they can use
	collaboratively; describe	sometimes end	habit can be hard to	an issue concerning	exercise for the human	to build resilience
	the attributes needed to		change	health and wellbeing;	body and its health;	
	work collaboratively	Kind conversation-			understand the actual	Taking notice of our
		Rehearse active listening	Jay's dilemma-	Fact or opinion?	norms around smoking	feelings-
	Give and Take	skills; demonstrate	Recognise that there are	Understand the	and the reasons for	Identify people who can
	Explain what is meant by	respectfulness in	positive and negative	difference between a fact	common misperceptions	be trusted; understand
	the terms negotiation	responding to others;	risks; explain how to	and an opinion;	of these	what kinds of touch are
	and compromise;	respond appropriately to	weigh up risk factors	Understand what biased		acceptable and
	describe strategies for	others	when making a decision;	reporting is and the need	It all adds up!	unacceptable; describe
	resolving difficult issues		describe some of the	to think critically about	Know the basic functions	strategies for dealing
	or situations	Happy being me-	possible outcomes of	things we read	of the four systems	with situations in which
	Harris and a figure Land	Develop an	taking a risk	District and an extension of the second	covered and know they	they would feel
	How good a friend are	understanding of	Cmat bullsing	Rights, responsibilities	are inter-related; explain	uncomfortable,
	you?	discrimination and its	Spot bullying	and duties-	the function of at least	particularly in relation to
	Demonstrate how to	injustice, and describe	(Bullying/Internet Safety)	Define the difference	one internal organ; understand the	inappropriate touch
	respond to a wide range	this using examples;	Demonstrate strategies to deal with both face-to-	between each term;		Door Hotty
	of feelings in others; reflect on their own	empathise with people who have been, and		discuss what can make	importance of food,	<b>Dear Hetty-</b> Explain how someone
	friendship qualities		face and online bullying; demonstrate strategies	them difficult to follow; identify the impact on	water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the	might feel when they are
	menusnip qualities	currently are, subject to	and skills for supporting	individuals and the wider	human body	separated from someone
	Relationship cake	injustice including through racism; consider	others who are bullied;	community if	numan body	or something that they
	recipe	how discriminatory	others who are bulled,	responsibilities are not	Different skills-Identify	like; suggest ways to
	Identify what things	behaviour can be	Ella's diary dilemma-	carried out	their own strengths and	help someone who is
	make a relationship	challenged	Define what is meant by	carried out	talents; identify areas	separated from someone
	unhealthy; identify who	chancinged	a dare; explain why	Mo makes a difference-	that need improvement	or something they like
	they could talk to if they	The land of the Red	someone might give a	Explain what we mean	and describe strategies	or something they like
	needed help	people-	dare; suggest ways of	by the terms voluntary,	for achieving those	Changing bodies and
	needed neip	Identify and describe the	standing up to someone	community and pressure	improvements	feelings-
	Being assertive	different groups that	who gives a dare	(action) group; give		Know the correct words
	Identify characteristics of	make up their	3.100 a aa.0	examples of voluntary	My school community	for external sexual
	passive, aggressive and	school/wider	Decision dilemmas-	groups, the kind of work	(2)-	organs; discuss some of
	assertive behaviours;	community/other parts of	Recognise which	they do and its value	State what is meant by	the myths around
	understand and rehearse	the UK; describe the	situations are risky;		community; explain what	puberty
	assertiveness skills	benefits of living in a	explore and share their		being part of a school	1
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#### Our emotional needs

Recognise basic emotional needs and understand that they change according to circumstance; identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking or other scenarios) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risk

#### Communication

(Online safety)Understand that online
communication can be
misinterpreted; accept
that responsible and
respectful behaviour is
necessary when
interacting with others
online as well as face-toface

diverse society; explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we demonstrate this

#### Is it true?

Understand that information we see online, either text or images, is not always true or accurate; recognise that some people post things about themselves online that are not true, understand and explain the difference between sex, gender identity, gender expression and sexual orientation

# It could happen to anyone-

Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others; give examples of how individual/group actions can impact others in a positive or negative way

views about decision making when faced with a risky situation

Play, like, share (Online safety)-Consider what information is safe/unsafe to share offline and online, reflect on the consequences of not keeping personal information private; recognise that people aren't always who they appear to be online and explain risks of being friends online with a person they have not met face-to-face: know how to protect personal information online: recognise disrespectful behaviour online and how to respond to it

### **Drugs: True or false?**

Understand some of the complexities of categorising drugs; know that all medicines are drugs but not all drugs are medicines; understand ways in which medicines can be helpful or harmful and used safely or unsafely

# Smoking: What is normal?

Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for

#### Spending wisely-

State the costs involved in producing and selling an item; suggest questions a consumer should ask before buying a product

#### Lend us a fiver!

Define the terms loan, credit, debt and interest; suggest advice for a range of situations involving personal finance

#### Local councils-

Explain some of the areas that local councils have responsibility for; understand that local councillors are elected to represent their community

community means to them; suggest ways of improving the school community

# Independence and responsibility-

Identify people who are responsible for helping them keep healthy and safe; identify ways they can help these people

### Star qualities?

Describe 'star' qualities of celebrities as portrayed by the media; recognise that the way people are portrayed in the media isn't always an accurate reflection of them in real life; describe 'star' qualities that ordinary people have

Basic First Aid- how to make an clear and efficient 999 call to emergency services; basic first aid for common injuries, including head injuries Growing up and changing bodiesIdentify some products they may need during puberty and why; know what menstruation is and why it happens

# It could happen to anyone-

Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others; give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way

# Help! I'm a teenager, get me out of here!

Recognise how our body feels when we are relaxed; List some of the ways our body feels when it is nervous or sad; Describe how to be resilient in order to find someone who will listen to you

#### Dear Ash-

Explain the difference between a safe and unsafe secret; Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe

common misperceptions of these  Would you risk it? Identify risk factors in a given situation (smoking) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risk; understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common misperceptions of these	Stop, start, stereotypes- Recognise that some people can get bullied because of the way they express their gender; give examples of how bullying behaviours can be stopped

Theme	Me and my	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and	Being my best	Growing and
	relationships			Responsibilities		Changing
Year 6	Working together-	Ok to be different-	Think before you click	Two sides to every	Five ways to wellbeing	Helpful or unhelpful?
	Demonstrate a	Recognise that bullying	(online safety)-	story	project-	Managing change-
	collaborative approach to	and discriminatory	Accept that responsible	(media influence)-	Explain what the five	Recognise some of the
	a task; describe and	behaviour can result	and respectful behaviour	Define the terms fact,	ways to wellbeing are;	changes they have
	implement the skills	from disrespect of	is necessary when	opinion, biased,	describe how they	experienced and their
	needed to do this	people's differences;	interacting with others	unbiased, explaining the	contribute to a healthy	emotional responses to
		suggest strategies for	online and face-to-face;	difference between them;	lifestyle, giving examples	those changes; suggest
	Let's negotiate-	dealing with bullying as a	understand and describe	describe the language	of how they can be	positive strategies for
	Explain the terms	bystander; describe	the ease with which	and techniques that	implemented in people's	dealing with change;
	negotiate and	positive attributes of their	something posted online	make up a biased report;	lives	identify people who can
	compromise; suggest	peers	can be spread	analyse a report also		support someone who is
	positive strategies for			extract the facts from it	This will be your life!	dealing with a
	negotiating and	We have more in	Traffic lights (online		Identify aspirational	challenging time of
	compromising in a	common than not-	safety)-	Fakebook friends	goals; describe the	change
	collaborative task;	Consider how a	Identify strategies for	(Online safety)-	actions needed to set out	
	demonstrate positive	bystander can respond	keeping personal	Know the legal age (and	and achieve these	I look great!-
	strategies for negotiating	to someone being rude,	information safe online;	reason behind these) for		Understand that fame
	and compromising within	offensive or bullying	describe safe behaviours	having a social media	Our recommendations-	can be short-lived;
	a collaborative task	someone else;	when using	account; understand why	Present information they	recognise that photos
		demonstrate ways of	communication	people don't tell the truth	researched on a health	can be changed to match
	Solve the friendship	offering support to	technology	and often only post the	and wellbeing issue	society's view of perfect;
	problem-	someone who has been		good bits about	outlining the key issues	identify qualities that
	Recognise some of the	bullied	To share or not to	themselves online;	and making suggestions	people have as well as
	challenges that arise	Danie ation	share? (online safety)-	recognise that people's	for any improvements	their looks
	from friendships; suggest	Respecting	Know that it is illegal to	lives are much more	concerning those issues	
	strategies for dealing	differences-	create and share	balanced in real life, with	10/15 atta the minted (4)	Media manipulation-
	with such challenges	Demonstrate ways of	inappropriate/sexualised	positives and negatives	What's the risk? (1)-	Define what is meant by
	demonstrating the need	showing respect to	images of children under	Mile atta it was with 2	Identify risk factors in a	the term stereotype;
	for respect and an	others using verbal and	18 years old; explore the	What's it worth?	given situation;	recognise how the media
	assertive approach	non-verbal	risks of sharing photos and films of themselves	Explain some benefits of	understand and explain	can sometimes reinforce
	A coortiveness skills	communication	with other people directly	saving money; describe	the outcomes of risk-	gender stereotypes;
	Assertiveness skills-	Televanes and respect	or online; know how to	the different ways money	taking in a given	recognise that people fall
	List some assertive behaviours; recognise	Tolerance and respect for others-	keep their information	can be saved outlining the pros and cons of	situation, including the emotional risk	into a wide range of what is seen as normal;
			•	each; describe the costs	emotional risk	
	peer influence and peer pressure; demonstrate	Understand and explain	private online	*	What's the risk? (2)-	challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of
	using some assertive	the term prejudice; Identify and describe the	Rat park	that go into producing an item; suggest sale prices	Recognise what risk is;	. ,
	behaviours through role	different groups that	(Drugs)-	for a variety of items	explain how a risk can be	people
	play, to resist peer	make up their	Define what is meant by	taking into account a	reduced; understand risk	
	pray, to resist peer pressure and influence	school/wider	addiction demonstrating		,	
	pressure and initidence	Sci 1001/Widei	addiction demonstrating	range of factors; explain	related to growing up	

#### Behave yourself-

Recognise and empathise with patterns of behaviour in peer-group dynamics; recognise basic emotional needs and understand they change according to circumstance; suggest strategies for dealing with a situation where someone under pressure may do something they feel uncomfortable about

#### Dan's day-

Describe the consequences of reacting to others in a positive or negative way; suggest ways people can respond more positively to others

#### Don't force me

(Arranged marriage)Describe ways in which
people show their
commitment to each
other; know the ages at
which a person can
marry depending on
whether their parents
agree; understand that
everyone has the right to
be free and choose who
or whether to marry

community/other parts of the UK; describe the benefits of living in a diverse society; explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we do this

# Advertising friendships!

Explain the difference between a friend and an acquaintance; describe qualities of strong, positive friendship; describe the benefits of other types of relationships i.e. neighbour/parent/ Carer/relative

# Boys will be boys? Challenging gender

stereotypesDefine what is meant by
the term stereotype;
recognise how the media
can sometimes enforce
gender stereotypes;
recognise that people fall
into a wide range of what
is seen as normal;
challenge stereotypical
gender portrayals of
people

an understanding that addiction is a form of behaviour; understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of the ways these needs can be met

### What sort of drug is...?

Explain how drugs can be categorised into different groups depending on their medical and legal context; demonstrate an understanding that drugs can have both medical and non-medical use; explain in simple terms some of the laws that control drugs in this country

### Drugs: It's the law!

Understand some of the basic laws in relation to drugs; explain why there are laws relating to drugs in this country

# Alcohol: What is normal?

Understand the actual norms around drinking alcohol and the reason for common misperceptions of these; describe some of the effects and risks of drinking alcohol what is meant by the term interest

#### Jobs and taxes-

Recognise that different jobs have different levels of pay and the factors that influence this; explain the different types of tax (income tax and VAT) which help to fund public services; evaluate the different public services and compare their value

#### **Action stations!**

Explain what we mean by the term voluntary, community and pressure (action) group;

### Project pitch (1 & 2)-

Children to make a campaign for an environmental group

### Happy shoppers-

Explain what is meant by living in an environmentally sustainable way; suggest actions that could be taken to live in a more environmentally sustainable way

# Democracy in Britain Elections-

Mock election in class

and explain the need to be aware of these; assess a risk to help keep themselves safe

Basic First Aid- how to make a clear efficient 999 call to emergency services; basic first aid for common injuries, including head injuries

#### Pressure online-

(Online safety)Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control once shared; understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the influence of the peer group; understand the norms or risk taking behaviour and that these are usually lower than people believe them to be

#### Is this normal?-

Define the word puberty giving examples of some of the physical and emotional changes associated with it; suggest strategies that would help someone who felt challenged by puberty changes; know where someone could get support if they were concerned about their own or another person's safety

#### Dear Ash-

Explain the difference between a safe and unsafe secret; identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence to keep someone safe

Acting appropriately- Recognise that some types of physical contact can product strong negative feelings; know that some inappropriate touch is also illegal  It's a puzzle- (Online safety)- Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online; describe safe and respectful behaviours when using communication technology	humans emotiona explain s these ne explain h emotiona on peopl suggest people co emotiona  Joe's ste Understa example	How most la made- Children to im proposed new role play how pass through the material needs impact er's behaviour; positive ways an get their all need met tory (2)- and and give is of conflicting.	nagine a v law and v it would	*Making babies- (conception, surrogacy, IVF, adoption, pregnancy, birth) Identify the changes that happen through puberty to allow sexual reproduction to occur; know a variety of ways in which sperm can fertilise an egg to create a baby; know the legal age of consent and what it means *Non-statutory sex education – parental right of withdrawal applies. Please see our RSE
communication	Understa example emotions and refle independ	nd and give		right of withdrawal applies.

In a small number of PSHE lessons, it may be more appropriate for pupils to be taught in single-sex groups (i.e. just boys, just girls) so that they feel more comfortable in asking any specific questions, for example, about puberty. We will decide this based on pupil needs where we feel this approach would be beneficial.